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problem-one

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$$\begin{aligned} a) & \begin{pmatrix} 2 & i\sqrt{2} \\ -i\sqrt{2} & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} \\ -2i \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 2\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2} \\ -i2 - 6i \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 4\sqrt{2} \\ -8i \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b) i) & \begin{pmatrix} 2 & i\sqrt{2} \\ -i\sqrt{2} & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} \\ -2i \end{pmatrix} \\ &= 4 \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} \\ -2i \end{pmatrix} \\ &\quad \uparrow \\ &\text{yes, } \lambda = 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$ii) \begin{pmatrix} 2 & i\sqrt{2} \\ -i\sqrt{2} & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} \\ i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2} \\ -i2 + 3i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} \\ i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = 1 \quad (\text{yes})$$

$$c) \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} & i \end{pmatrix}^* \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} \\ -2i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= 2 - 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{orthog.}$$

$$\text{n.b. } H \text{ mat: } \lambda \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\uparrow \\ H^\dagger = H$$

e_i are orthog.

problem-two

Friday, 12 October, 2018

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$$a) \quad S_n = \hat{n} \cdot \underline{S} \quad , \quad \hat{n} = \sin\theta \cos\phi \hat{x} + \sin\theta \sin\phi \hat{y} + \cos\theta \hat{z}$$

$$\underline{S} = \frac{\hbar}{2} \sum_i \sigma_i x_i$$

$$S_n = \sin\theta \cos\phi \sigma_x + \sin\theta \sin\phi \sigma_y + \cos\theta \sigma_z$$

$$= \left[\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sin\theta \cos\phi \\ \sin\theta \cos\phi & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \sin\theta \sin\phi \\ i \sin\theta \sin\phi & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta & 0 \\ 0 & -\cos\theta \end{pmatrix} \right] \frac{\hbar}{2}$$

$$= \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta & \sin\theta (\cos\phi - i \sin\phi) \\ \sin\theta (\cos\phi + i \sin\phi) & -\cos\theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta & \sin\theta e^{-i\phi} \\ \sin\theta e^{i\phi} & -\cos\theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S_n \chi_n^{\uparrow} = \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta & \sin\theta e^{-i\phi} \\ \sin\theta e^{i\phi} & -\cos\theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\theta/2) \\ \sin(\theta/2) e^{i\phi} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta \cos\theta/2 + \sin\theta \sin\theta/2 \\ (\sin\theta \cos\theta/2 - \cos\theta \sin\theta/2) e^{i\phi} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin A \cos B \pm \cos A \sin B &= \sin(A \pm B) \\ \cos A \cos B \pm \sin A \sin B &= \cos(A \mp B) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\theta/2) \\ \sin(\theta/2) e^{i\phi} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\chi_{\uparrow} = \frac{\hbar}{2}$$

$$S_n \chi_n^{\downarrow} = \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta & \sin\theta e^{-i\phi} \\ \sin\theta e^{i\phi} & -\cos\theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\theta/2 \\ -\cos\theta/2 e^{i\phi} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta \sin\theta/2 - \sin\theta \cos\theta/2 \\ (\sin\theta \sin\theta/2 + \cos\theta \cos\theta/2) e^{i\phi} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= -\frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\theta/2 \\ e^{i\phi} \cos\theta/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\chi_{\downarrow} = -\frac{\hbar}{2}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta/2 & \sin\theta/2 e^{i\phi} \end{pmatrix}^* \begin{pmatrix} \sin\theta/2 \\ -\cos\theta/2 e^{i\phi} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \sin \theta/2 \cos \theta/2 - \sin \theta/2 \cos \theta/2$$

$$= 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta/2 & \sin \theta/2 e^{i\phi} \end{pmatrix}^* \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta/2 \\ \sin \theta/2 e^{i\phi} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \cos^2 \theta/2 + \sin^2 \theta/2 = 1$$

Why for other

$$b) \quad S_x = \frac{\hbar}{2} \sigma_x$$

need $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}, \phi = 0$ for $u=x$

$$\chi_x^\uparrow = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\pi/4) \\ \sin(\pi/4) e^{i0} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\chi_x^\downarrow = \begin{pmatrix} \sin(\pi/4) \\ -\cos(\pi/4) e^{i0} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{u=z} : \theta=0, (\phi=0)$$

$$\chi_z^\uparrow = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\chi_z^\downarrow = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \neq 0 \quad \text{etc.}$$

$$c) \quad S_y = \frac{\hbar}{2} \sigma_y \quad \left(\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}, \phi = \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$\chi_x^\downarrow$$

$$\text{so } \langle \chi_x^\downarrow | S_y | \chi_x^\downarrow \rangle$$

$$= \frac{\hbar}{4} (1 - 1) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sim (1 - 1) \begin{pmatrix} i \\ i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= i - i = 0$$

$\Rightarrow$ equal probability to be $\pm \frac{\hbar}{2}$

d) initial is $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$

say want final $\chi_n^\uparrow(\theta, \phi)$

$$P_\uparrow = \left| \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta/2 & \sin \theta/2 e^{i\phi} \end{pmatrix}^* \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right|^2$$

$$= \cos^2 \theta/2$$

$$\Rightarrow P_\downarrow = \sin^2 \theta/2.$$

problem-three

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$$H = - \underline{B} \cdot \underline{M}_s \quad ; \quad \underline{M}_s = \frac{\hbar \gamma}{2} \underline{S}, \quad \underline{S} = \frac{\hbar}{2} \underline{\sigma}$$

$$\therefore H = - \frac{\hbar \gamma}{2} \underline{B} \cdot \underline{\sigma} \quad ; \quad \underline{B} = B \hat{z}$$

$$\therefore H = - \frac{\hbar \gamma}{2} B \sigma_z \quad ; \quad \omega = -\gamma B$$

$$\therefore H = \frac{\hbar}{2} \omega \sigma_z = \frac{\hbar}{2} \omega \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{eigenstates: } e_{\uparrow} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, e_{\downarrow} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{with energies: } E_{\uparrow} = \frac{\hbar \omega}{2}, \quad E_{\downarrow} = -\frac{\hbar \omega}{2}$$

$$\chi_n^{\uparrow}(t=0) = \chi_n^{\uparrow} = \cos \theta/2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \sin \theta/2 e^{i\phi} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \chi_n^{\uparrow}(t) = \cos \theta/2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^{-iE_{\uparrow}t/\hbar} + \sin \theta/2 e^{i\phi} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^{-iE_{\downarrow}t/\hbar}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta/2 e^{-i\omega t/2} & \\ \sin \theta/2 e^{i\phi} e^{i\omega t/2} & \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= e^{-i\omega t/2} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta/2 & \\ \sin \theta/2 e^{i[\phi + \omega t]} & \end{pmatrix}$$

problem-four

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$$S^2 = \underline{S} \cdot \underline{S}$$

$$= \left| \frac{\hbar}{2} (\sigma_x + \sigma_y + \sigma_z) \right|^2$$

$$= \frac{\hbar^2}{4} (\underbrace{\sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2 + \sigma_z^2})$$

$$\sigma_i = \underline{1}$$

$$= \frac{3\hbar^2}{4}$$