

NLO merging in $t\bar{t}+\text{jets}$

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MPI ATLAS-PhenoGroup Meeting – 15/01/2013



[Phys.Rev.D88\(2013\)014040*](#)

LHCphenOnet



*in collaboration with S. Höche, J. Huang, G. Luisoni, J. Winter

Contents

① MEPs@NLO

Introduction of the method to merge NLOs for $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$, $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + 1j$, $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + 2j$, etc. used in SHERPA.

② Results

Results for top pair production at the Tevatron, with emphasis on the forward-backward asymmetry.

③ Conclusions

The SHERPA event generator framework

- Two multi-purpose Matrix Element (ME) generators

AMEGIC++ JHEP02(2002)044, EPJC53(2008)501

COMIX JHEP12(2008)039, PRL109(2012)042001

- A Parton Shower (PS) generator

CSSHOWER++ JHEP03(2008)038

- A multiple interaction simulation
à la Pythia **AMISIC++** hep-ph/0601012

- A cluster fragmentation module

AHADIC++ EPJC36(2004)381

- A hadron and τ decay package **HADRONS++**

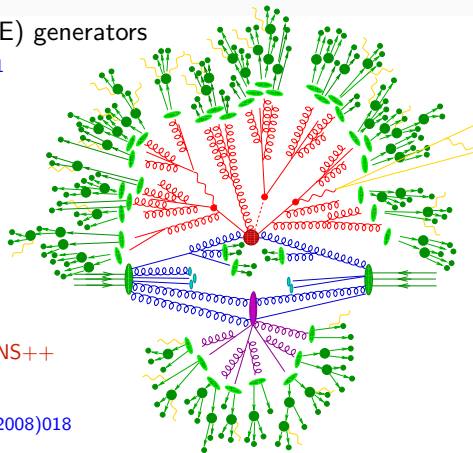
- A higher order QED generator using
YFS-resummation **PHOTONS++** JHEP12(2008)018

- A minimum bias simulation **SHRiMPS** to appear

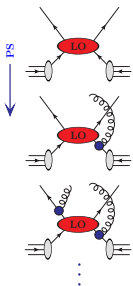
Sherpa's traditional strength is the perturbative part of the event

MEPs (CKKW), S-Mc@NLO, MENLOps, MEPs@NLO

→ full analytic control mandatory for consistency/accuracy



Method

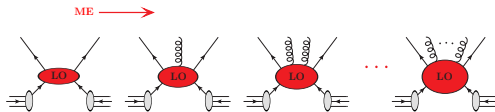


Parton showers

resummation of (soft-)collinear limit
 → intrajet evolution

- matrix elements (ME) and parton showers (PS) are approximations in different regions of phase space
- MEPS combines multiple LOPS – keeping either accuracy
- NLOPS elevate LOPS to NLO accuracy
- MENLOPS supplements core NLOPS with higher multiplicities LOPS
-

Method



Matrix elements

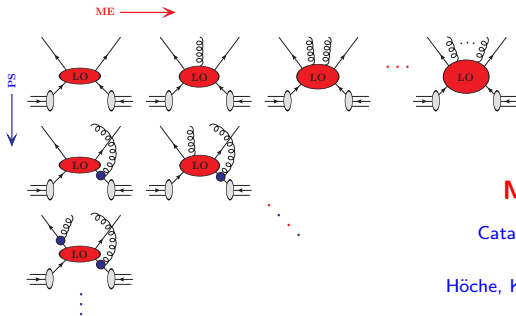
fixed-order in α_s

→ hard wide-angle emissions

→ interference terms

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Method



MEPS (CKKW, MLM)

Catani, Krauss, Kuhn, Webber JHEP11(2001)063

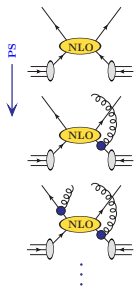
Lönnblad JHEP05(2002)046

Höhe, Krauss, Schumann, Siegert JHEP05(2009)053

Lönnblad, Prestel JHEP02(2013)094

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NLOs (Mc@NLO, POWHEG, S-Mc@NLO)

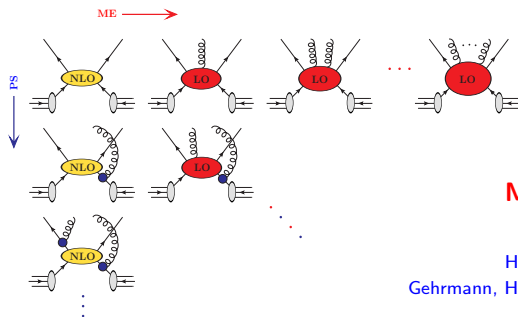
Frixione, Webber JHEP06(2002)029

Nason JHEP11(2004)040, Frixione et.al. JHEP11(2007)070

Höche, Krauss, MS, Siebert JHEP09(2012)049

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Method



MENLOPS

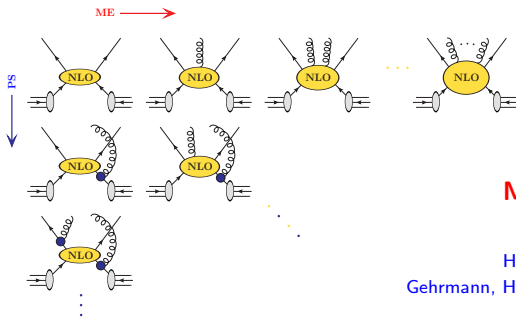
Hamilton, Nason JHEP06(2010)039

Höche, Krauss, MS, Siebert JHEP08(2011)123

Gehrmann, Höche, Krauss, MS, Siebert JHEP01(2013)144

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Method



MEPS@NLO

Lavesson, Lönnblad JHEP12(2008)070

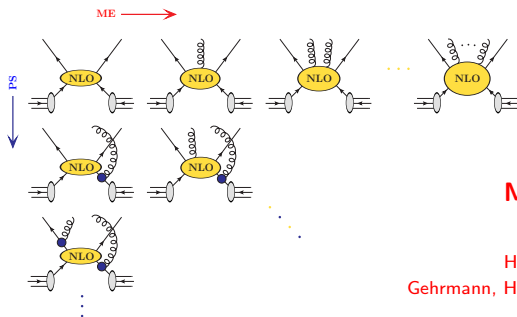
Höche, Krauss, MS, Siebert JHEP04(2013)027

Gehrmann, Höche, Krauss, MS, Siebert JHEP01(2013)144

Lönnblad, Prestel JHEP03(2013)166

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- MEPS@NLO combines multiple NLOPS – keeping either accuracy

Method



MEPS@NLO

Lavesson, Lönnblad JHEP12(2008)070

Höche, Krauss, MS, Siebert JHEP04(2013)027

Gehrmann, Höche, Krauss, MS, Siebert JHEP01(2013)144

Lönnblad, Prestel JHEP03(2013)166

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- **MEPS@NLO combines multiple NLOPS – keeping either accuracy**

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1 MEPs@NLO

Introduction of the method to merge NLOs for $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$, $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + 1j$, $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + 2j$, etc. used in SHERPA.

2 Results

Results for top pair production at the Tevatron, with emphasis on the forward-backward asymmetry.

3 Conclusions

Recent results

Fixed-multiplicity NLOs (S-MC@NLO)

- $pp \rightarrow W + 0, 1, 2, 3\text{jets}$ – SHERPA+BLACKHAT
Höche, Krauss, MS, Siebert *Phys.Rev.Lett.*110(2013)052001
- $pp \rightarrow \text{jets}$ – SHERPA+BLACKHAT
Höche, MS *Phys.Rev.D*86(2012)094042
- $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ – SHERPA+OPENLOOPS
Casoli, Maierhöfer, Moretti, Pozzorini, Siebert *arXiv:1309.0500*

Multijet merging at NLO accuracy (MEPs@NLO)

- $pp \rightarrow W + \text{jets}$ – SHERPA+BLACKHAT
Höche, Krauss, MS, Siebert *JHEP*04(2013)027
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{jets}$ – SHERPA+BLACKHAT
Gehrmann, Höche, Krauss, MS, Siebert *JHEP*01(2013)144
- $pp \rightarrow h + \text{jets}$ – SHERPA+GOSAM
Höche, Krauss, MS, Siebert, in YR3 *arXiv:1307.1347*
- $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets}$ – SHERPA+GOSAM
Höche, Huang, Luisoni, MS, Winter *Phys.Rev.D*88(2013)014040
- $pp \rightarrow 4\ell + \text{jets}$ – SHERPA+OPENLOOPS
Casoli, Höche, Krauss, Maierhöfer, Pozzorini, Siebert *arXiv:1309.5912*

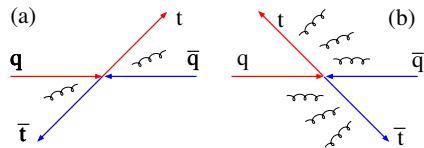
Results – $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets}$ – A_{FB}

Skands, Webber, Winter JHEP07(2012)151

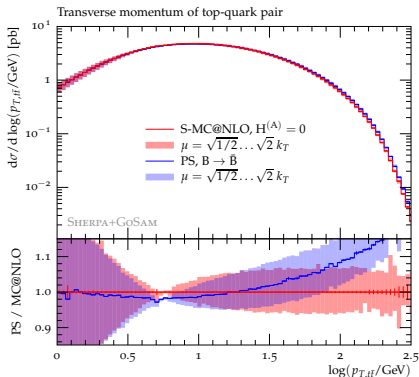
Parton showers and the $t\bar{t}$ -asymmetry at the Tevatron

- if colour coherence is respected, PS creates an asymmetry because of asymmetric colour flow
- HERWIG respects colour correlations through angular ordering
- CSSHOWER++ (CS dipoles, $1 \rightarrow 2$ splittings, recoil to large- N_c partner) \rightarrow respects colour correlations by choice of radiating dipoles/recoil partners

\Rightarrow **it is important to respect colour-correlations**



Results – $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets} - A_{FB}$



Höche, Huang, Luisoni, MS, Winter arXiv:1306.2703

Importance of

$N_c = 3$ colour coherence

(SHERPA's S-MC@NLO)

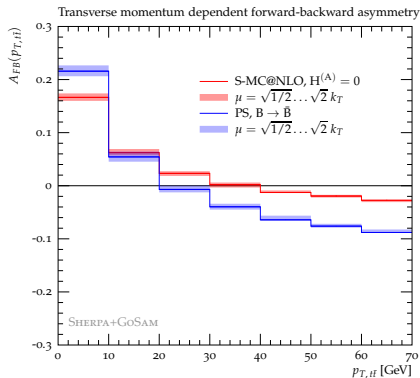
vs.

$N_c \rightarrow \infty$ colour coherence

(SHERPA's CSSHOWER++)

- small effect on standard (rapidity blind) observables, e.g. $p_{\perp, t\bar{t}}$
 → some destructive interference at large $p_{\perp, t\bar{t}}$
- large effect on $A_{FB}(p_{\perp, t\bar{t}})$
 → subleading colour terms increase asym. radiation pattern

Results – $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets} - A_{FB}$



Höche, Huang, Luisoni, MS, Winter arXiv:1306.2703

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Results – $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets} - A_{\text{FB}}$

- Definition of forward-backward asymmetry of an observable \mathcal{O}

$$A_{\text{FB}}(\mathcal{O}) = \frac{\left. \frac{d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{d\mathcal{O}} \right|_{\Delta y > 0} - \left. \frac{d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{d\mathcal{O}} \right|_{\Delta y < 0}}{\left. \frac{d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{d\mathcal{O}} \right|_{\Delta y > 0} + \left. \frac{d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{d\mathcal{O}} \right|_{\Delta y < 0}}$$

- A_{FB} is ratio of expectation values
 - conventional scale variations by factor 2 will largely cancel for uncertainty on A_{FB}
- ⇒ use different functional forms of the scale definition that behave differently in $\Delta y > 0$ and $\Delta y < 0$ for a realistic estimate of uncertainty

Results – $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets} - A_{\text{FB}}$

Setup: $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets}$

- purely perturbative calculation (no hadronisation, MPI, etc.)

- 0,1 jets @ NLO

$$Q_{\text{cut}} = 7 \text{ GeV}$$

- virtual MEs from GOSAM

- perturbative scale variations

$$\mu_{R/F} \in \left[\frac{1}{2}, 2 \right] \mu_{\text{def}}$$

$$\mu_Q \in \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \sqrt{2} \right] \mu_{\text{core}}$$

- variation of merging parameter

$$Q_{\text{cut}} \in \{5, 7, 10\} \text{ GeV}$$

- scale choices: $\alpha_s^{k+n}(\mu_{\text{eff}}) = \alpha_s^k(\mu_{\text{core}}) \alpha_s(t_1) \cdots \alpha_s(t_n)$

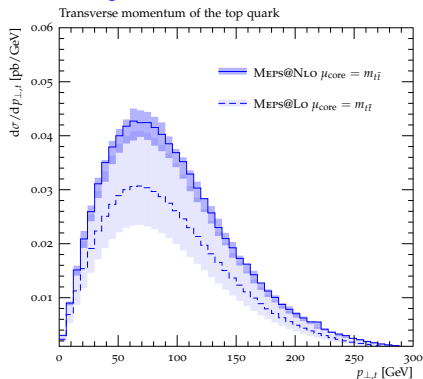
- 1) $\mu_{\text{core}} = m_{t\bar{t}}$

- 2) $\mu_{\text{core}} = \mu_{\text{QCD}} = 2 |p_i p_j|$

$i, j \dots N_c \rightarrow \infty$ colour partners, chooses between s, t, u

\Rightarrow different behaviour for forward/backward configurations

Höche, Huang, Luisoni, MS, Winter arXiv:1306.2703



Results – $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets} - A_{FB}$

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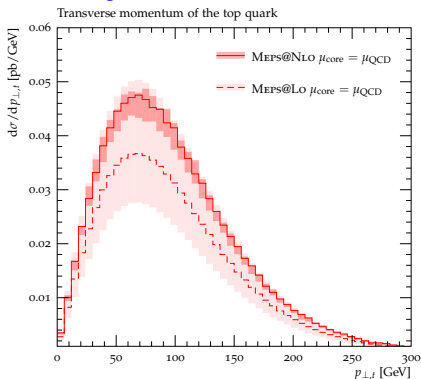
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Höche, Huang, Luisoni, MS, Winter arXiv:1306.2703



Results – $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets} - A_{\text{FB}}$

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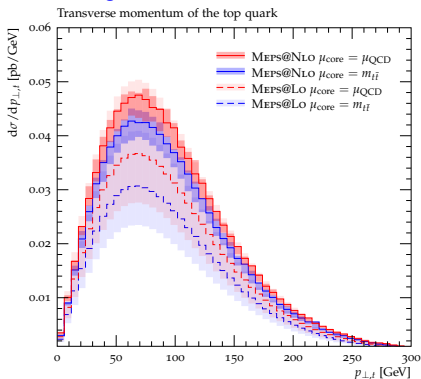
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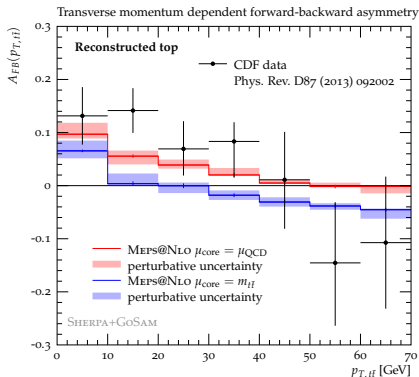
Höche, Huang, Luisoni, MS, Winter arXiv:1306.2703



Results – $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets} - A_{FB}$

Höche, Huang, Luisoni, MS, Winter arXiv:1306.2703

CDF data Phys.Rev.D87(2013)092002



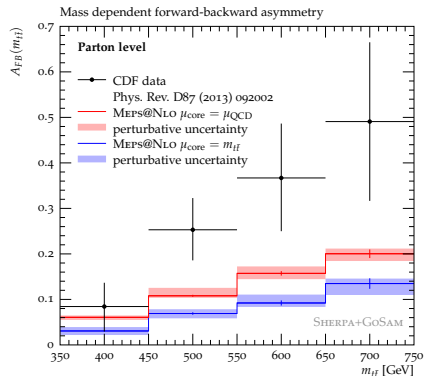
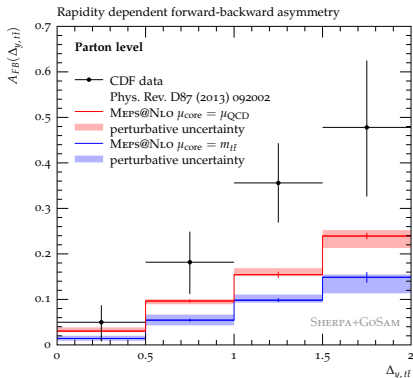
$p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets}$ (0,1 @ NLO)

- $A_{FB}(p_{\perp,t\bar{t}})$ NLO accurate in all but the first bin
- tops reconstructed from decay products (jets, lepton, MET)
- no EW corrections

Results – $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets} - A_{FB}$

Höche, Huang, Luisoni, MS, Winter arXiv:1306.2703

CDF data Phys.Rev.D87(2013)092002



- parton level (exact top quarks)
- no EW corrections ($\approx 20\%$) effected
- right qualitative behaviour, but consistently below data

Conclusions

- MEPS merging methods have evolved to NLO: MEPs@NLO
- taking colour correlations properly into account already produces an asymmetry in parton showers
- asymmetry increases when parton shower includes subleading colour terms
- decreasing uncertainties LOPS/MEPS/NLOPS \rightarrow MEPs@NLO
- uncertainties on asymmetry observables should be evaluated by choosing different functional forms with different properties towards the asymmetry
- can be improved by adding higher order calculations
 - (N)NLL resummation
 - NNLO corrections

Bärnreuther, Czakon, Mitov Phys.Rev.Lett.109(2012)132001

Czakon, Mitov JHEP01(2013)080

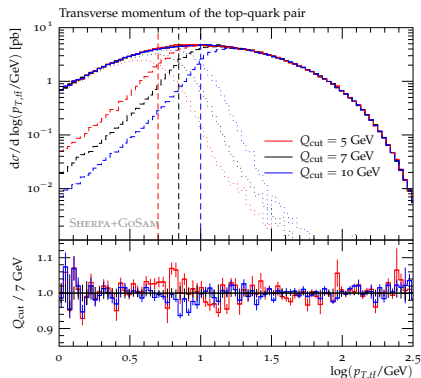
Czakon, Fiedler, Mitov Phys.Rev.Lett.110(2013)252004

current release SHERPA-2.0. β_2 , when fully tuned SHERPA-2.0.0

<http://sherpa.hepforge.org>

Thank you for your attention!

Results – $p\bar{p} \rightarrow t\bar{t} + \text{jets}$



- very small Q_{cut} dependence
- scale variation shrinks going LO to NLO (both factor and functional form)

Höche, Huang, Luisoni, MS, Winter arXiv:1306.2703

