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Fittino: An iterative approach to fit SUSY parameters to the observables

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DESY

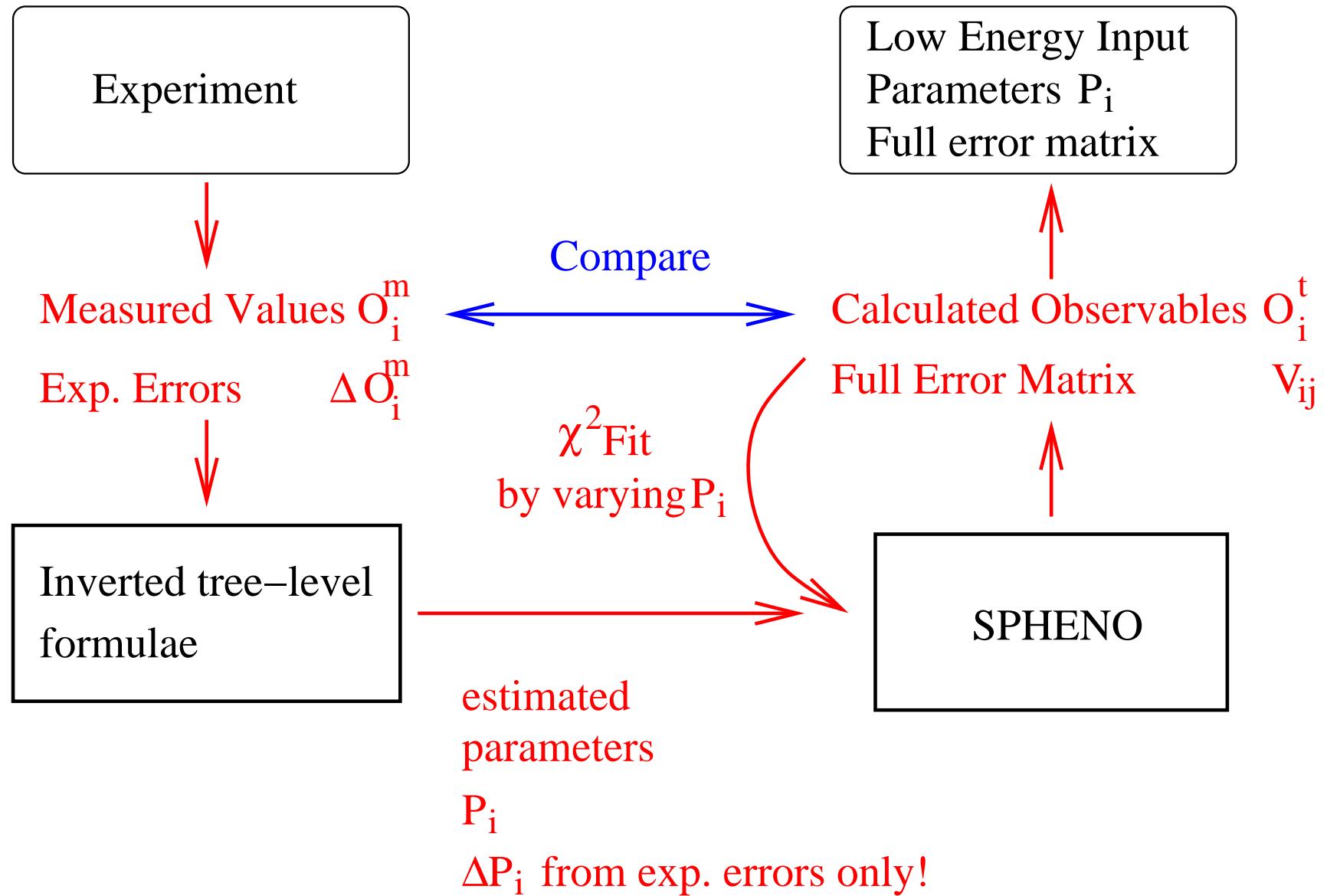
1. The method
2. The Interface
3. The nfold fit procedure
4. Results
5. Outlook



• The Setup

- Fit the soft SUSY breaking MSSM parameters to the observables from the LC and LHC
- Use no prior knowledge of the parameters at any step
- Include the possibility of unification of parameters
In the following:
Assume unification of first two generation mass parameters $M_{Q,U,D,L,E}$
- Fittino uses SPheno as a spectrum calculator
- SLHA used for communication with spectrum calculator, easily extendable to use other SLHA capable programs
- BR and Linear Collider cross sections for various \sqrt{s} and polarisations from SPheno, including ISR

The Iterative Approach



• The Interface

- Free text-file interface for observables
 - Masses, limits on masses of unobserved particles
 - Widths
 - Cross-Sections
 - BR
 - Edges in mass spectra
 - Correlations among observables
 - Both experimental and theoretical errors can be given
 - Both SM and MSSM observables
- Free text-file interface for parameters
 - Fix parameters at a given value
 - Fit parameters
 - Unify parameters
 - Both SM and MSSM parameters

Fit Strategy

- Start with tree-level relations for the parameters
 - $\mu, m_A, \tan\beta, M_1, M_2, M_3$ from gaugino and Higgs sector
 - A_t, A_b, M_Q, M_U, M_D from squark sector masses, assuming no mixing
 - A_τ, M_L, M_E from slepton sector masses, assuming no mixing
- Then first fit **only the slepton sector** to get a better estimate of $A_\tau, M_{\tau,L,R}$
All non-slepton sector parameters fixed to their tree-level values
- Then fit **only the squark sector** to improve on A_t, A_b, M_Q, M_U, M_D
All non-squark sector parameters fixed to their current values
- Then mostly the trilinear couplings are not optimally modelled, therefore
first clean up: Fit only $A_t, A_b, A_\tau, M_{t,L,R}, \tan\beta$ (**correlations!**)
- Then release all parameters and fit again
- Perform a MINOS error analysis to get full correlation matrix,
asymmetrical errors and 2D error contours

• Results: Input for SPS1a test

- Observables:
 - SM observables $m_Z, m_W, G_F, m_t, \dots$
 - Higgs sector masses from 500 GeV and 1 TeV LC
 - All sparticle and gaugino masses with unified 0.5% error (a la SFITTER)
 - LC cross sections at 500 GeV, polarisation LL and polarisation RR
 - h BR's
- Assumptions for this test:
 - No theory errors, no free SM parameters (m_t !)
 - Unification in the first two generations
 - Fix A_τ , basically unmeasurable with these observables
 - Unify A_t and A_b

• Results: Output

- Fit converges to correct minimum, but covariance matrix is not positive definite → no prediction of the uncertainty
- Probably correlations too strong
- Try $A_t = A_b = A_\tau = \text{const}$: Converging fit with correct uncertainties
- Results:

1	TanBeta	10.00	+-	0.19	9	MSupR	530.2	+-	2.07
2	Mu	358.6	+-	1.15	10	MStopR	424.3	+-	2.91
3	MSelectronR	135.8	+-	0.52	11	MSupL	548.7	+-	0.11
4	MStauR	133.3	+-	0.87	12	MStopL	499.9	+-	2.65
5	MSelectronL	195.2	+-	0.49	13	M1	101.8	+-	0.49
6	MStauL	194.3	+-	0.78	14	M2	191.7	+-	0.55
7	MSdownR	528.1	+-	2.18	15	M3	588.7	+-	3.82
8	MSbottomR	524.7	+-	3.36	16	massA0	399.7	+-	0.69

- ⇒ Have to increase handling of correlations among A and $\tan\beta$ → Polarisation as additional observables in the fit?

• Results: Output

- Fit with realistic LHC/LC uncertainties (Table 4.25), plus LC Cross-Sections and Higgs BR:

1	TanBeta	9.990	+-	1.025	10	MSupR	530.2	+-	12.7
2	Mu	358.6	+-	6.307	11	MStopR	424.4	+-	5.51
3	MSelectronR	135.7	+-	0.243	12	MSupL	548.7	+-	5.58
4	MStauR	133.3	+-	1.617	13	MStopL	499.9	+-	7.68
5	MSelectronL	195.2	+-	0.096	14	M1	101.8	+-	0.22
6	MStauL	194.4	+-	1.396	15	M2	191.7	+-	0.93
7	Atop	-506.5	+-	15.4	16	M3	588.7	+-	8.19
8	MSdownR	528.1	+-	17.9	17	massA0	399.7	+-	0.72
9	MSbottomR	524.7	+-	8.513					

- VERY HOT, Errors not yet confirmed by MINOS
- Probably detailed study of the correlations between A_t and $\tan\beta$ will further increase error on $\tan\beta$...

Summary and Outlook

- Results show the importance of the combination of LHC and LC:
Without prior knowledge of the observables NO convergence without information on ALL sectors from BOTH LHC and LC
- The use of a priori knowledge of parameters at any intermediate step of the fit is problematic, since this tends to shadow impacts from correlations among parameters on the fit
- Fit with idealized observable uncertainties converges to correct minimum, but correct description of the uncertainties not yet confirmed
- Studies with realistic LHC/LC uncertainties underway, convergence very good, parameter uncertainties hopefully available soon
- For fit with fixed A , precise parameter determination is possible
- More observables, strongly constraining certain parameters (A_t, A_b, A_τ), badly needed (Polarisations? Need them in SLHA!)