

Twist-2 from QCD sum rules

Roman Zwicky



IPPP (Durham University)

Contents

1. Definition twist-2 matrix elements

- conformal expansion of DA
- Gegenbauer moments a_n from local (hadronic) matrix elements
⇒ non-pert methods

Contents

1. Definition twist-2 matrix elements
 - conformal expansion of DA
 - Gegenbauer moments a_n from local (hadronic) matrix elements
 \Rightarrow non-pert methods
2. e.g. QCD sum rules

Contents

1. Definition twist-2 matrix elements
 - conformal expansion of DA
 - Gegenbauer moments a_n from local (hadronic) matrix elements
 \Rightarrow non-pert methods
2. e.g. QCD sum rules
3. a_0 lowest moment or decay constant

Contents

1. Definition twist-2 matrix elements
 - conformal expansion of DA
 - Gegenbauer moments a_n from local (hadronic) matrix elements
 \Rightarrow non-pert methods
2. e.g. QCD sum rules
3. a_0 lowest moment or decay constant
4. a_1 first moment or SU(3)-breaking
 - diagonal sum rules
 - operator method

Contents

1. Definition twist-2 matrix elements
 - conformal expansion of DA
 - Gegenbauer moments a_n from local (hadronic) matrix elements
 \Rightarrow non-pert methods
2. e.g. QCD sum rules
3. a_0 lowest moment or decay constant
4. a_1 first moment or SU(3)-breaking
 - diagonal sum rules
 - operator method
5. a_2 second moment or first characteristic of G-def particles

Contents

1. Definition twist-2 matrix elements
 - conformal expansion of DA
 - Gegenbauer moments a_n from local (hadronic) matrix elements
 \Rightarrow non-pert methods
2. e.g. QCD sum rules
3. a_0 lowest moment or decay constant
4. a_1 first moment or SU(3)-breaking
 - diagonal sum rules
 - operator method
5. a_2 second moment or first characteristic of G-def particles
6. Summary, Conclusions – Questions

1. light meson DA, leading twist-2 (heavy e.g. B-DA (V.Braun))

- “non-local extension of decay constant matrix elements”
“twist” = dim - spin

$$\langle 0 | \bar{q}(z) \not{z} \gamma_5 [z, -z] s(-z) | K(q) \rangle_\mu = i f_K q z \int_0^1 du e^{i\xi q z} \phi_K(u, \mu) + O(m_K^2, z^2)$$

$$\langle 0 | \bar{q}(z) \not{z} [z, -z] s(-z) | K^*(q) \rangle_\mu = (e z) f_K^\parallel m_{K^*} \int_0^1 du e^{i\xi q z} \phi_K^\parallel(u, \mu),$$

$$\langle 0 | \bar{q}(z) \sigma_{\mu\nu} [z, -z] s(-z) | K^*(q) \rangle_\mu = i (e_\mu q_\nu - e_\nu^{(\lambda)} q_\mu) f_K^\perp(\mu) \int_0^1 du e^{i\xi q z} \phi_K^\perp(u, \mu),$$

- $[z, -z]$ being the Wilson line (gauge invariance)
- z_μ close light-like separation
- $\xi = u - (1-u)$. $u, (1-u)$ interpretation collinear momentum fraction of quark

1. light meson DA, leading twist-2 (heavy e.g. B-DA (V.Braun))

- “non-local extension of decay constant matrix elements”
“twist” = dim - spin

$$\langle 0 | \bar{q}(z) \not{z} \gamma_5 [z, -z] s(-z) | K(q) \rangle_\mu = i f_K q z \int_0^1 du e^{i\xi q z} \phi_K(u, \mu) + O(m_K^2, z^2)$$

$$\langle 0 | \bar{q}(z) \not{z} [z, -z] s(-z) | K^*(q) \rangle_\mu = (e z) f_K^\parallel m_{K^*} \int_0^1 du e^{i\xi q z} \phi_K^\parallel(u, \mu),$$

$$\langle 0 | \bar{q}(z) \sigma_{\mu\nu} [z, -z] s(-z) | K^*(q) \rangle_\mu = i (e_\mu q_\nu - e_\nu^{(\lambda)} q_\mu) f_K^\perp(\mu) \int_0^1 du e^{i\xi q z} \phi_K^\perp(u, \mu),$$

- $[z, -z]$ being the Wilson line (gauge invariance)
- z_μ close light-like separation
- $\xi = u - (1-u)$. $u, (1-u)$ interpretation collinear momentum fraction of quark
- Corrections higher twist: (classific. e.o.m. state art (P.Ball I))
 - higher Fock states ($\langle 0 | \bar{q} \sigma \cdot G s | K \rangle$)
 - deviation from the light-cone ($O(x^2, m_\pi^2)$)
 - other comb. of “good” and “bad” LC-states ($\langle 0 | \bar{q} \gamma_5 s | K \rangle$)

How to deal $\phi_K(u, \mu)$ etc – non-pert. object ?

- Model ansatz obeying theo. & exp. constraints (P. Ball II)

How to deal $\phi_K(u, \mu)$ etc – non-pert. object ?

- Model ansatz obeying theo. & exp. constraints (P. Ball II)
- Use conformal symmetry (D.Muller) LO massless QCD, expand in Gegenbauer Pol.

$$\phi_K(u, \mu) = 6u\bar{u}(1 + \sum_{n \geq 1} a_n(\mu, K) C_n^{3/2}(2u - 1))$$

- a_n Gegenbauer moments (its det. main topic of this talk)
- $a_{2n+1} = 0$ particles def. G-parity (e.g. $a_1(\pi) = 0$ not $a_1(K) \neq 0$)
- no mixing at LO ($C_n(2u - 1)$ eigen-fct LO evolution kernel)
- anomalous dimension $\gamma_{n+1} > \gamma_n > 0$ “conformal hierarchy”
(Asymptotic DA $\phi_K(u) \xrightarrow{\mu \rightarrow \infty} 6u(1 - u)$ known from P-QCD)
- Alternative reasoning $SL(2, R)$ collinear subgroup of conformal group $SO(4, 2)$
 C_n are representations with conformal spin $j = 2 + n$ (good q-number LO)
Strong analogy partial wave exp. $[S0(3), Y_{lm}] \sim [SL(2, R), C_n]$
 C_n n-nodes higher n washed out upon convolution smooth kernel

How to deal $\phi_K(u, \mu)$ etc – non-pert. object ?

- Model ansatz obeying theo. & exp. constraints (P. Ball II)
- Use conformal symmetry (D.Muller) LO massless QCD, expand in Gegenbauer Pol.

$$\phi_K(u, \mu) = 6u\bar{u}(1 + \sum_{n \geq 1} a_n(\mu, K) C_n^{3/2}(2u - 1))$$

- a_n Gegenbauer moments (its det. main topic of this talk)
- $a_{2n+1} = 0$ particles def. G-parity (e.g. $a_1(\pi) = 0$ not $a_1(K) \neq 0$)
- no mixing at LO ($C_n(2u - 1)$ eigen-fct LO evolution kernel)
- anomalous dimension $\gamma_{n+1} > \gamma_n > 0$ “conformal hierarchy”
(Asymptotic DA $\phi_K(u) \xrightarrow{\mu \rightarrow \infty} 6u(1 - u)$ known from P-QCD)
- Alternative reasoning $SL(2, R)$ collinear subgroup of conformal group $SO(4, 2)$
 C_n are representations with conformal spin $j = 2 + n$ (good q-number LO)
Strong analogy partial wave exp. $[S0(3), Y_{lm}] \sim [SL(2, R), C_n]$
 C_n n-nodes higher n washed out upon convolution smooth kernel

- Point d.& e. a priori arguments justify truncation

A posteriori justification ... smoothness kernels & numerical values of moments

Determination of Gegenbauer moments a_1, a_2, \dots

- Fit to an observable (experimental constraints) (A.Khodjamirian & N.Stefanis I)

Determination of Gegenbauer moments a_1, a_2, \dots

- Fit to an observable (experimental constraints) (A.Khodjamirian & N.Stefanis I)
- Direct calculation from the matrix elements

$$\langle 0 | \bar{s} z_\mu \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 (i z \overleftrightarrow{D})^n q | K(p) \rangle = (z p)^{n+1} f_K 2 \int_0^1 du (2u - 1)^n \phi_K(u) \equiv N \cdot M_n$$

$$M_0 = 1 \quad M_2 = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{12}{35} a_2$$

$$M_1 = a_1 \quad M_4 = \frac{3}{35} + \frac{8}{35} a_2 + \frac{8}{77} a_4$$

\Rightarrow calc. local (hadronic) matrix element \Rightarrow non-pert. methods

Determination of Gegenbauer moments a_1, a_2, \dots

- Fit to an observable (experimental constraints) (A.Khodjamirian & N.Stefanis I)
- Direct calculation from the matrix elements

$$\langle 0 | \bar{s} z_\mu \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 (i z \overleftrightarrow{D})^n q | K(p) \rangle = (z p)^{n+1} f_K 2 \int_0^1 du (2u - 1)^n \phi_K(u) \equiv N \cdot M_n$$

$$M_0 = 1 \quad M_2 = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{12}{35} a_2$$

$$M_1 = a_1 \quad M_4 = \frac{3}{35} + \frac{8}{35} a_2 + \frac{8}{77} a_4$$

⇒ calc. local (hadronic) matrix element ⇒ non-pert. methods

- - QCD sum rules (this talk)
 - Lattice-QCD (L.Del Debbio & A.Juettner)
 - non-local condensates (N.Stefanis II)
 - Instanton vacuum model (not covered)
 - Dyson-Schwinger (yet unexplored)

2. QCD sum rule ... tool estimating low hadr. param. low lying states

- Start suitable correlation function ($\Gamma_1 = \Gamma_2 = \gamma_5 \Rightarrow$ extraction $a_1(K)$)

$$\Pi(q) = i \int_x \langle 0 | T [\bar{q}(i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu) \Gamma_1 s](x) [\bar{s} \Gamma_2 q](0) | 0 \rangle e^{iqx}$$

Hadronic world: inserting a complete set of states $1 = \sum |K\rangle \langle K| + \dots$

$$\Pi(q) \sim a_1 \frac{f_K^2}{q^2 - m_K^2} + \text{higher states}$$

Quark-gluon world: Operator product expansion for virtualities $-q^2 \ll \Lambda_{QCD}^2$

$$\Pi(q) \sim c^1(q^2) + \frac{c^{\bar{q}q}}{q^4} \langle \bar{m}_s qq \rangle + \dots$$

2. QCD sum rule ... tool estimating low hadr. param. low lying states

- Start suitable correlation function ($\Gamma_1 = \Gamma_2 = \gamma_5 \Rightarrow$ extraction $a_1(K)$)

$$\Pi(q) = i \int_x \langle 0 | T [\bar{q}(i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu) \Gamma_1 s](x) [\bar{s} \Gamma_2 q](0) | 0 \rangle e^{iqx}$$

Hadronic world: inserting a complete set of states $1 = \sum |K\rangle \langle K| + \dots$

$$\Pi(q) \sim a_1 \frac{f_K^2}{q^2 - m_K^2} + \text{higher states}$$

Quark-gluon world: Operator product expansion for virtualities $-q^2 \ll \Lambda_{QCD}^2$

$$\Pi(q) \sim c^1(q^2) + \frac{c^{\bar{q}q}}{q^4} \langle \bar{m}_s qq \rangle + \dots$$

- Estimate “higher states” by analytic continuation
N.B. non-trivial bec. OPE truncated (ok smearing over interval .. Quark-Hadron Duality)
numerics improved applying Borel transformation \Rightarrow extract a_1

... continuation

- For higher n the convergence OPE breaks down parametrically: $c^1 \sim O(n^{-2})$, $\langle G^2 \rangle \sim O(1)$, $\langle \bar{q}q \rangle^2 \sim O(n)$ etc
 - only calculate lowest moments up to $n = 2$
 - intuitively understood, higher a_n more and more non-local objects and therefore OPE diff. converge
 - also problematic lattice ... derivatives CPU-cons., moments M_n background e.g.
$$M_4 = \frac{3}{35} + \frac{8}{35}a_2 + \frac{8}{77}a_4$$
 - other methods ? non-local condensates

... continuation

- For higher n the convergence OPE breaks down parametrically: $c^1 \sim O(n^{-2})$, $\langle G^2 \rangle \sim O(1)$, $\langle \bar{q}q \rangle^2 \sim O(n)$ etc
 - only calculate lowest moments up to $n = 2$
 - intuitively understood, higher a_n more and more non-local objects and therefore OPE diff. converge
 - also problematic lattice ... derivatives CPU-cons., moments M_n background e.g.
$$M_4 = \frac{3}{35} + \frac{8}{35}a_2 + \frac{8}{77}a_4$$
 - other methods ? non-local condensates
- effective method calculating a_n in one go via non local operator (Ball & Boglione 03)

3. The decay constants or the a_0

- ● pseudoscalars 0^- : f_π, f_K well known experiment ($f_\eta, f_{\eta'}$ (T.Feldmann I))
 - vectors 1^- : f_ρ^\parallel etc experiment (mixing ...)
 - $f_\rho^\perp(\mu)$ etc rely on theory
- Penguin transition $b \rightarrow (s, d)$ ($B \rightarrow K^*, \rho(\omega)$) formfactors described LCSR (DA)
- Bulk part extracting $|V_{td}/V_{ts}|$ (Ball & RZ JHEP 06)

3. The decay constants or the a_0

- ● pseudoscalars O^- : f_π, f_K well known experiment ($f_\eta, f_{\eta'}$ (T.Feldmann I))
- vectors 1^- : f_ρ^\parallel etc experiment (mixing ...)
- $f_\rho^\perp(\mu)$ etc rely on theory
Penguin transition $b \rightarrow (s, d)$ ($B \rightarrow K^*, \rho(\omega)$) formfactors described LCSR (DA)
Bulk part extracting $|V_{td}/V_{ts}|$ (Ball & RZ JHEP 06)

● Longitudinal decay constants from experiment

- tau-decays $\tau^- \rightarrow V^- \nu_\tau$

$$f_{\rho^-} = (210 \pm 2_{\text{Br}} \pm 1_\Gamma) \cdot \text{MeV} \quad f_{K^{*-}} = (220 \pm 4_{\text{Br}} \pm 2_\Gamma \pm 1_{|V_{us}|}) \cdot \text{MeV},$$

- electromagnetic annihilation $V^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ **Mixing !**

$$f_{\rho^0} = (222 \pm 2_{\text{Br}} \pm 1_\Gamma) \cdot \text{MeV}$$

$$f_\omega = (187 \pm 2_{\text{Br}} \pm 1_\Gamma \pm 4_{\omega\phi} \pm 1_{\rho\omega}) \cdot \text{MeV}$$

$$f_\phi = (215 \pm 2_{\text{Br}} \pm 1_\Gamma \pm 4_{\omega\phi}) \cdot \text{MeV} \quad ,$$

3. The decay constants or the a_0

- ● pseudoscalars O^- : f_π, f_K well known experiment ($f_\eta, f_{\eta'}$ (T.Feldmann I))
- vectors 1^- : f_ρ^\parallel etc experiment (mixing ...)
- $f_\rho^\perp(\mu)$ etc rely on theory
Penguin transition $b \rightarrow (s, d)$ ($B \rightarrow K^*, \rho(\omega)$) formfactors described LCSR (DA)
Bulk part extracting $|V_{td}/V_{ts}|$ (Ball & RZ JHEP 06)

● Longitudinal decay constants from experiment

- tau-decays $\tau^- \rightarrow V^- \nu_\tau$

$$f_{\rho^-} = (210 \pm 2_{\text{Br}} \pm 1_\Gamma) \cdot \text{MeV} \quad f_{K^{*-}} = (220 \pm 4_{\text{Br}} \pm 2_\Gamma \pm 1_{|V_{us}|}) \cdot \text{MeV},$$

- electromagnetic annihilation $V^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-$ **Mixing !**

$$f_{\rho^0} = (222 \pm 2_{\text{Br}} \pm 1_\Gamma) \cdot \text{MeV}$$

$$f_\omega = (187 \pm 2_{\text{Br}} \pm 1_\Gamma \pm 4_{\omega\phi} \pm 1_{\rho\omega}) \cdot \text{MeV}$$

$$f_\phi = (215 \pm 2_{\text{Br}} \pm 1_\Gamma \pm 4_{\omega\phi}) \cdot \text{MeV} \quad ,$$

1. literature sometimes mixing neglected, uncertainty estimate
2. slight tension (Ball & Braun 96) $f_{\rho^-} = 195 \pm 7 \cdot \text{MeV}$, $f_{\rho^0} = 216 \pm 5 \text{MeV}$, isospin ?

... continued

- QCD sum rules (Ball & RZ 05/06)

$$f_\rho = (206 \pm 7) \cdot \text{MeV} \quad f_\rho^\perp(1 \text{ GeV}) = (165 \pm 9) \cdot \text{MeV}$$

$$f_{K^*} = (222 \pm 8) \cdot \text{MeV} \quad f_{K^*}^\perp(1 \text{ GeV}) = (185 \pm 10) \cdot \text{MeV}$$

$(f_{K^*}^\perp)$ non-trivial second resonance K_1 needs added for stability

$$\left(\frac{f_\rho^\perp}{f_\rho^\parallel} \right)_{\text{SR}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 0.69 \pm 0.04 \quad \left(\frac{f_{K^*}^\perp}{f_{K^*}^\parallel} \right)_{\text{SR}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 0.73 \pm 0.04$$

... continued

- QCD sum rules (Ball & RZ 05/06)

$$\begin{aligned} f_\rho &= (206 \pm 7) \cdot \text{MeV} & f_\rho^\perp(1 \text{ GeV}) &= (165 \pm 9) \cdot \text{MeV} \\ f_{K^*} &= (222 \pm 8) \cdot \text{MeV} & f_{K^*}^\perp(1 \text{ GeV}) &= (185 \pm 10) \cdot \text{MeV} \end{aligned}$$

$(f_{K^*}^\perp)$ non-trivial second resonance K_1 needs added for stability

$$\left(\frac{f_\rho^\perp}{f_\rho^\parallel} \right)_{\text{SR}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 0.69 \pm 0.04 \quad \left(\frac{f_{K^*}^\perp}{f_{K^*}^\parallel} \right)_{\text{SR}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 0.73 \pm 0.04$$

- Lattice QCD (quenched) (Becirevic et al 03)

$$\left(\frac{f_\rho^\perp}{f_\rho^\parallel} \right)_{\text{latt}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 0.72 \pm 0.02 \quad \left(\frac{f_{K^*}^\perp}{f_{K^*}^\parallel} \right)_{\text{latt}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 0.74 \pm 0.02$$

... continued

- QCD sum rules (Ball & RZ 05/06)

$$\begin{aligned} f_\rho &= (206 \pm 7) \cdot \text{MeV} & f_\rho^\perp(1 \text{ GeV}) &= (165 \pm 9) \cdot \text{MeV} \\ f_{K^*} &= (222 \pm 8) \cdot \text{MeV} & f_{K^*}^\perp(1 \text{ GeV}) &= (185 \pm 10) \cdot \text{MeV} \end{aligned}$$

$(f_{K^*}^\perp)$ non-trivial second resonance K_1 needs added for stability

$$\left(\frac{f_\rho^\perp}{f_\rho^\parallel} \right)_{\text{SR}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 0.69 \pm 0.04 \quad \left(\frac{f_{K^*}^\perp}{f_{K^*}^\parallel} \right)_{\text{SR}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 0.73 \pm 0.04$$

- Lattice QCD (quenched) (Becirevic et al 03)

$$\left(\frac{f_\rho^\perp}{f_\rho^\parallel} \right)_{\text{latt}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 0.72 \pm 0.02 \quad \left(\frac{f_{K^*}^\perp}{f_{K^*}^\parallel} \right)_{\text{latt}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 0.74 \pm 0.02$$

- Encouraging extra effort would be desirable

Results a_1

Recall: variable u mom. fraction of quarks. $a_1 > 0$ s-quark average mom. higher light q-quark as suggested by intuition from constituent quark model

4. a_1 SU(3) breaking – Sum Rule history

Sum rule: diagonal $\Gamma_{1,2}$ same chirality, non-diagonal opposite ch. $\mu_0 = 1\text{GeV}$

Type	$a_1(K)(\mu_0)$	$a_1^{\parallel}(K^*)(\mu_0)$	$a_1^{\perp}(K^*)(\mu_0)$	Authors	Remarks
ND	0.17	0.19	0.2	Chernyak & Zhit. 84	sign mistake
ND	-0.18	-0.4	-0.34	Ball Boglione 03	NLO,unstable
D	0.05 ± 0.02	-	-	Khodjamiran et al 04	-
OPR	0.1 ± 0.12	0.1 ± 0.07	-	Braun Lenz 04	neglect $O(m_s^2)$
D	0.06 ± 0.03	0.03 ± 0.02	0.04 ± 0.03	Ball RZ 05	confirm 04, exte
OPR	0.07 ± 0.18	0.01 ± 0.05	0.09 ± 0.07	Ball RZ 06	incl $O(m_s^2)$

- ND: spectral-fct non-positive def. (cancel. or contam. higher states) / calc easier !
which turns out to be the case \Rightarrow **not consider anymore**

4. a_1 SU(3) breaking – Sum Rule history

Sum rule: diagonal $\Gamma_{1,2}$ same chirality, non-diagonal opposite ch. $\mu_0 = 1\text{GeV}$

Type	$a_1(K)(\mu_0)$	$a_1^{\parallel}(K^*)(\mu_0)$	$a_1^{\perp}(K^*)(\mu_0)$	Authors	Remarks
ND	0.17	0.19	0.2	Chernyak & Zhit. 84	sign mistake
ND	-0.18	-0.4	-0.34	Ball Boglione 03	NLO,unstable
D	0.05 ± 0.02	-	-	Khodjamiran et al 04	-
OPR	0.1 ± 0.12	0.1 ± 0.07	-	Braun Lenz 04	neglect $O(m_s^2)$
D	0.06 ± 0.03	0.03 ± 0.02	0.04 ± 0.03	Ball RZ 05	confirm 04, exte
OPR	0.07 ± 0.18	0.01 ± 0.05	0.09 ± 0.07	Ball RZ 06	incl $O(m_s^2)$

- ND: spectral-fct non-positive def. (cancel. or contam. higher states) / calc easier !
which turns out to be the case \Rightarrow **not consider anymore**
- D: pos. def. work fine to be **used for phenomenology**

4. a_1 SU(3) breaking – Sum Rule history

Sum rule: diagonal $\Gamma_{1,2}$ same chirality, non-diagonal opposite ch. $\mu_0 = 1\text{GeV}$

Type	$a_1(K)(\mu_0)$	$a_1^{\parallel}(K^*)(\mu_0)$	$a_1^{\perp}(K^*)(\mu_0)$	Authors	Remarks
ND	0.17	0.19	0.2	Chernyak & Zhit. 84	sign mistake
ND	-0.18	-0.4	-0.34	Ball Boglione 03	NLO,unstable
D	0.05 ± 0.02	-	-	Khodjamiran et al 04	-
OPR	0.1 ± 0.12	0.1 ± 0.07	-	Braun Lenz 04	neglect $O(m_s^2)$
D	0.06 ± 0.03	0.03 ± 0.02	0.04 ± 0.03	Ball RZ 05	confirm 04, exte
OPR	0.07 ± 0.18	0.01 ± 0.05	0.09 ± 0.07	Ball RZ 06	incl $O(m_s^2)$

- ND: spectral-fct non-positive def. (cancel. or contam. higher states) / calc easier !
which turns out to be the case \Rightarrow **not consider** anymore
- D: pos. def. work fine to be **used for phenomenology**
- OPR: New method can't compete yet ...

4. a_1 SU(3) breaking – Sum Rule history

Sum rule: diagonal $\Gamma_{1,2}$ same chirality, non-diagonal opposite ch. $\mu_0 = 1\text{GeV}$

Type	$a_1(K)(\mu_0)$	$a_1^{\parallel}(K^*)(\mu_0)$	$a_1^{\perp}(K^*)(\mu_0)$	Authors	Remarks
ND	0.17	0.19	0.2	Chernyak & Zhit. 84	sign mistake
ND	-0.18	-0.4	-0.34	Ball Boglione 03	NLO,unstable
D	0.05 ± 0.02	-	-	Khodjamiran et al 04	-
OPR	0.1 ± 0.12	0.1 ± 0.07	-	Braun Lenz 04	neglect $O(m_s^2)$
D	0.06 ± 0.03	0.03 ± 0.02	0.04 ± 0.03	Ball RZ 05	confirm 04, exte
OPR	0.07 ± 0.18	0.01 ± 0.05	0.09 ± 0.07	Ball RZ 06	incl $O(m_s^2)$

- ND: spectral-fct non-positive def. (cancel. or contam. higher states) / calc easier !
which turns out to be the case \Rightarrow **not consider** anymore
- D: pos. def. work fine to be **used for phenomenology**
- OPR: New method can't compete yet ...
- confirmed by Lattice-QCD calculations (low uncertainty)

$$a_1(K, 2\text{GeV}) = 0.0453(9)(29) \text{ QCDSF/UKQCD 06 (W.Schrors)}$$

$$a_1(K, 2\text{GeV}) = 0.055(5) \text{ QCDSF 06 (A.Juettner)}$$

Operator relations

- Operator relations (Braun & Lenz 04, Ball & RZ 06)

$$\frac{9}{5} a_1(K) = -\frac{m_s - m_q}{m_s + m_q} + 4 \frac{m_s^2 - m_q^2}{m_K^2} - 8\kappa_4(K),$$

$$\frac{3}{5} a_1^{\parallel}(K^*) = -\frac{f_K^{\perp}}{f_K^{\parallel}} \frac{m_s - m_q}{m_{K^*}} + 2 \frac{m_s^2 - m_q^2}{m_{K^*}^2} - 4\kappa_4^{\parallel}(K^*),$$

$$\frac{3}{5} a_1^{\perp}(K^*) = -\frac{f_K^{\parallel}}{f_K^{\perp}} \frac{m_s - m_q}{2m_{K^*}} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{m_s^2 - m_q^2}{m_{K^*}^2} + 6\kappa_4^{\perp}(K^*),$$

Operator relations

- Operator relations (Braun & Lenz 04, Ball & RZ 06)

$$\frac{9}{5} a_1(K) = -\frac{m_s - m_q}{m_s + m_q} + 4 \frac{m_s^2 - m_q^2}{m_K^2} - 8\kappa_4(K),$$

$$\frac{3}{5} a_1^{\parallel}(K^*) = -\frac{f_K^{\perp}}{f_K^{\parallel}} \frac{m_s - m_q}{m_{K^*}} + 2 \frac{m_s^2 - m_q^2}{m_{K^*}^2} - 4\kappa_4^{\parallel}(K^*),$$

$$\frac{3}{5} a_1^{\perp}(K^*) = -\frac{f_K^{\parallel}}{f_K^{\perp}} \frac{m_s - m_q}{2m_{K^*}} + \frac{3}{2} \frac{m_s^2 - m_q^2}{m_{K^*}^2} + 6\kappa_4^{\perp}(K^*),$$

- First Gegenbauer moment related to twist-4 matrix elements, N.B. $\kappa_4 \rightarrow 0$ for $m_s \rightarrow m_q$

$$\langle 0 | \bar{q}(gG_{\alpha\mu}) i\gamma^{\mu} \gamma_5 s | K(q) \rangle = i q_{\alpha} f_K m_K^2 \kappa_4(K),$$

$$\langle 0 | \bar{q}(gG_{\alpha\mu}) i\gamma^{\mu} s | K^*(q) \rangle = e_{\alpha}^{(\lambda)} f_K^{\parallel} m_{K^*}^3 \kappa_4^{\parallel}(K^*),$$

$$\langle 0 | \bar{q}(gG_{\alpha}^{\mu}) \sigma_{\beta\mu} s | K^*(q) \rangle = f_K^{\perp} m_{K^*}^2 \left\{ \kappa_4^{\perp}(K^*) (e_{\alpha} q_{\beta} - e_{\beta} q_{\alpha}) + \dots \right\}$$

Estimate κ_4 then we get an estimate of a_1 .

Deriving relations

- Method 1. non-flavour singlet QCD energy momentum tensor (Braun & Lenz 04)

$$O_{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{q} \gamma_\mu i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\nu s + \frac{1}{2} \bar{q} \gamma_\nu i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu s - \frac{1}{4} g_{\mu\nu} \bar{q} i \overleftrightarrow{D} s$$

and then

$$\langle 0 | \partial_\mu O_\nu^\mu | K^* \rangle \stackrel{e.o.m}{=} \dots$$

- Leads to equation $a_1^\parallel(K^*)$, (for $K \gamma_\mu \rightarrow \gamma_\mu \gamma_5$)
- Equation $a_1(K^*)^\perp$ difficult with this method ?

Deriving relations

- Method 1. non-flavour singlet QCD energy momentum tensor (Braun & Lenz 04)

$$O_{\mu\nu} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{q} \gamma_\mu i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\nu s + \frac{1}{2} \bar{q} \gamma_\nu i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu s - \frac{1}{4} g_{\mu\nu} \bar{q} i \overleftrightarrow{D} s$$

and then

$$\langle 0 | \partial_\mu O_\nu^\mu | K^* \rangle \stackrel{e.o.m.}{=} \dots$$

- Leads to equation $a_1^\parallel(K^*)$, (for $K \gamma_\mu \rightarrow \gamma_\mu \gamma_5$)
- Equation $a_1^\perp(K^*)$ difficult with this method ?
- Method 2. Derive directly from e.o.m. matrix elements (Ball & RZ 06)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_\mu} \bar{q}(x) \gamma_\mu (\gamma_5) s(-x) &= -i \int_{-1}^1 dv v \bar{q}_1(x) x_\alpha g G^{\alpha\mu}(vx) \gamma_\mu (\gamma_5) q_2(-x) \\ &+ (m_q \pm m_s) \bar{q}_1(x) i (\gamma_5) q_2(-x) \end{aligned}$$

take matrix element $\langle 0 | \dots | K \rangle$..(involves other e.o.m. total transl. der.)
allows to get $a_1^\perp(K^*)$ on same footing as others

... continued

- The $(\kappa_4)'_s$ are estimated via several QCD Sum Rules, not very stable sensitive to $m_s, \alpha_s, \langle \bar{s}s \rangle / \langle \bar{q}q \rangle$

... continued

- The $(\kappa_4)'_s$ are estimated via several QCD Sum Rules, not very stable sensitive to $m_s, \alpha_s, \langle \bar{s}s \rangle / \langle \bar{q}q \rangle$
- $(\kappa_4)'_s$ estimated any other non-pert approach m_s might spoil the numerics ?

5. Second Gegenbauer moment a_2

- No dramatic history like a_1 .. $O(m_s)$ or $O(m_s^2)$ not crucial

$$a_2(\pi, 1\text{GeV}) = 0.26_{-0.09}^{+0.21} \quad \text{Khodjamirian, Mannel\&Melcher(04)}$$

$$a_2(\pi, 1\text{GeV}) = 0.28 \pm 0.08 \quad \text{Ball, Braun\&Lenzetal(06)}$$

(consistent prel. Lattice-QCD)

the same authors find

$$a_2(K)/a_2(\pi) = 1.05 \pm 0.15$$

(preliminary Lattice-QCD ~ 0.9)

\Rightarrow SU(3)-breaking in second coefficient small

5. Second Gegenbauer moment a_2

- No dramatic history like a_1 .. $O(m_s)$ or $O(m_s^2)$ not crucial

$$a_2(\pi, 1\text{GeV}) = 0.26_{-0.09}^{+0.21} \quad \text{Khodjamirian, Mannel\&Melcher(04)}$$

$$a_2(\pi, 1\text{GeV}) = 0.28 \pm 0.08 \quad \text{Ball, Braun\&Lenzetal(06)}$$

(consistent prel. Lattice-QCD)

the same authors find

$$a_2(K)/a_2(\pi) = 1.05 \pm 0.15$$

(preliminary Lattice-QCD ~ 0.9)

\Rightarrow SU(3)-breaking in second coefficient small

- η and η' (T.Feldmann I ??)

5. Second Gegenbauer moment a_2

- No dramatic history like a_1 .. $O(m_s)$ or $O(m_s^2)$ not crucial

$$a_2(\pi, 1\text{GeV}) = 0.26_{-0.09}^{+0.21} \quad \text{Khodjamirian, Mannel\&Melcher(04)}$$

$$a_2(\pi, 1\text{GeV}) = 0.28 \pm 0.08 \quad \text{Ball, Braun\&Lenzetal(06)}$$

(consistent prel. Lattice-QCD)

the same authors find

$$a_2(K)/a_2(\pi) = 1.05 \pm 0.15$$

(preliminary Lattice-QCD ~ 0.9)

\Rightarrow SU(3)-breaking in second coefficient small

- η and η' (T.Feldmann I ??)
- vector mesons .. update coming Ball et al (06?)

Conclusions, Summary & Questions

Summary

- light mesons conformal symmetry \Rightarrow ordering coefficient calculable from local hadronic matrix elements \Rightarrow non-pert. methods
- lower moments a_n results $n = 2$, higher more diff. less interesting
- a_1 confusion .. settled, new operator method
- desirable have results for f^\perp from lattice-QCD
phenomenologically important exclusive $b^- \rightarrow (d, s)$ penguin transitions

Conclusions, Summary & Questions

Summary

- light mesons conformal symmetry \Rightarrow ordering coefficient calculable from local hadronic matrix elements \Rightarrow non-pert. methods
- lower moments a_n results $n = 2$, higher more diff. less interesting
- a_1 confusion .. settled, new operator method
- desirable have results for f^\perp from lattice-QCD
phenomenologically important exclusive $b^- \rightarrow (d, s)$ penguin transitions

Questions:

- Knowing $\phi_\pi(u)$ could we say sthg about $\phi_{\pi'}(u)$
- how finite width $\Gamma_\rho = 150 \text{ MeV}$ enter into ϕ_ρ , Breit-Wigner modelling
- To what degree could we expect $a_2(\pi) \sim a_2(\rho)$ or same sign etc
e.g. Chernyak & Zhitnitsky suggest. LO-SR
 $f_\rho > f_K > f_\pi$ $M_2^\pi < M_2^K < M_2^\pi$
more qualitative understanding

Conclusions, Summary & Questions

Summary

- light mesons conformal symmetry \Rightarrow ordering coefficient calculable from local hadronic matrix elements \Rightarrow non-pert. methods
- lower moments a_n results $n = 2$, higher more diff. less interesting
- a_1 confusion .. settled, new operator method
- desirable have results for f^\perp from lattice-QCD
phenomenologically important exclusive $b^- \rightarrow (d, s)$ penguin transitions

Questions:

- Knowing $\phi_\pi(u)$ could we say sthg about $\phi_{\pi'}(u)$
- how finite width $\Gamma_\rho = 150 \text{ MeV}$ enter into ϕ_ρ , Breit-Wigner modelling
- To what degree could we expect $a_2(\pi) \sim a_2(\rho)$ or same sign etc
e.g. Chernyak & Zhitnitsky suggest. LO-SR
 $f_\rho > f_K > f_\pi$ $M_2^\pi < M_2^K < M_2^\rho$
more qualitative understanding

Thanks for attention and interest !